

Key Concepts – Grade 7 Assessment

Science as Inquiry

Designing and Investigation

- ☐ Identify testable questions, questions that guide investigations/experiments, and questions to consider during an investigation
- ☐ Identify problems in an investigation
- ☐ Identify the components of an investigation
- ☐ Use multiple sources to answer questions
- ☐ Select appropriate experimental design or setup
- ☐ Predict outcomes of an investigation
- ☐ Identify correct procedure in an investigation
- ☐ Identify independent variable, dependent variable, and variables that should be controlled /constant
- ☐ Select appropriate tools, equipment, and technology to use in an investigation
- ☐ Measure using appropriate or accurate units of the metric system
- ☐ Identify appropriate safety tools and procedures
- ☐ Identify correct setup between varying investigations
- ☐ Identify ways to improve the investigation
- ☐ Identify mistakes in procedures
- ☐ Identify alternate methods for investigation using same tools

Communication

- ☐ Understand and be able to identify the difference between a description and an explanation
- ☐ Understand and be able to identify the difference between an observation and an inference
- ☐ Use data tables, charts, circle graphs, line graphs, bar graphs, diagrams, scatter plots, and symbols to collect, record, and report data
- ☐ Develop an explanation of experimental results
- ☐ Identify patterns in data
- ☐ Use models to explain natural phenomena or conclusions from investigations
- ☐ Predict trends supported by data
- ☐ Recognize that there are multiple ways to interpret data that may result in alternate explanations
- ☐ Identify statements not supported by data/faulty reasoning
- ☐ Communicate results of investigations
- ☐ Identify statements that explain data

Technology and the Work of Scientists

- ☐ Recognize that scientists use logical processes to solve problems
- ☐ Review other scientists' work before beginning an investigation
- ☐ Recognize that technology expands the human senses
- ☐ Recognize that present technology limits answering all questions
- ☐ Recognize that there is an acceptable range of variation in collected data
- ☐ Identify mean, median, mode, and range from a given set of data
- ☐ Identify problems in models, experimental design
- ☐ Understand how scientists communicate about investigations in progress and findings
- ☐ Describe how/why scientific theories change
- ☐ Verify experiments through multiple investigation/trials
- ☐ Solve problems and form new ideas as a result of scientific investigations
- ☐ Identify ways technology has changed human life
- ☐ Evaluate the impact of research on scientific thought, society, and the environment

Life Science

Plant and Animal Cells

- ☐ Identify and compare cell structures and functions
- ☐ Describe osmosis and diffusion
- ☐ Compare plant and animal cell structures
- ☐ Explain the processes of photosynthesis and respiration using a word equation
- ☐ Differentiate between aerobic and anaerobic respiration in cell

Human Development

- ☐ Describe the function of organs within major systems (digestive, respiratory, nervous, circulatory)
- ☐ Describe how one or more major organ systems interact to sustain human life (endocrine, reproductive, nervous, respiratory, skeletal, muscular, circulatory, digestive)
- ☐ Describe human development from infancy to old age
- ☐ Describe how external factors and genetics influence quality and length of human life
- ☐ Explain how communicable and noncommunicable diseases are transmitted, treated, and prevented

Genetics and Reproduction

- ☐ Identify statements that describe sexual and asexual reproduction
- ☐ Compare mitosis and meiosis and differentiate between the cell divisions in each process
- ☐ Explain why chromosomes in body cells exist in pairs
- ☐ Explain the relationship of genes to chromosomes
- ☐ Explain the relationship of genotypes to phenotypes
- ☐ Recognize genetic errors caused by changes in chromosomes
- ☐ Use a Punnett square to determine offspring in simple monohybrid crosses
- ☐ Identify dominant, recessive, and incomplete dominant traits from a given scenario
- ☐ Identify examples of selective breeding

Organisms and Ecosystems

- ☐ Use a dichotomous key to classify organisms
- ☐ Identify organisms with complete and incomplete metamorphosis
- ☐ Compare life cycles of plants and animals
- ☐ Determine energy transfer among organisms by analyzing food webs
- ☐ Describe the major biomes of the world and identify organisms
- ☐ Identify the levels of organization of living things within an ecosystem
- ☐ producers, primary consumers, secondary consumers, decomposers
- ☐ individual, population, community
- ☐ Identify mutualistic, parasitic, and producer/consumer relationships among plants and animals
- ☐ Differentiate between habitat and niche
- ☐ Predict the changes that a species population has on an ecosystem using a given scenario
- ☐ Differentiate between behavioral and structural adaptations
- ☐ Determine the impact of introducing nonnative species into an ecosystem
- ☐ Determine an organism's ability to survive during changes that occur in various ecosystems
- ☐ Know that variations in individuals within a population determine the success of the population
- ☐ Identify environmental factors that impact the survival of a population

Science and the Environment

- ☐ Identify resources that humans derive from ecosystems (wetlands, tropical rainforests, tundra)
- ☐ Identify the roles of biotic and abiotic components in various ecosystems
- ☐ Describe the effects of limiting factors on a given population
- ☐ Determine the carrying capacity of an ecosystem using a given scenario
- ☐ Identify the consequences of human actions on ecosystems
- ☐ Explain why the nitrogen cycle is important to the survival of organisms
- ☐ Relate photosynthesis and respiration to the carbon cycle
- ☐ Identify positive and negative effects that human use of technology has on the environment